Carolina Observer.

VOL. X.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 22, 1826. [NO. 494.

PUBLISHED, EVERY WEDNESDAY,
BY EDWARD J. HALE,
per annum, if paid in advance; $3
during the year of subscription;
50 at the end of the year.

TISEMENTS inserted for 60 cents per
the first, and 30 cents for each succeed
Advertisers are requested to state
of insertions desired, or they will be
bid, and charged accordingly.
the Editor must be post paid.

Cheese, Segars &c.

prime Goshen Cheese
boxes American Segars
casks sweet Wine,
day, and for sale very low for Cash.
WILLIAMS & FENN.
14th Nov. 1826. 933w.

Just Received,

Hhds N. E. Rum
do 4th proof Jamaica do (old)
bbls Apple Brandy
do loaf and lump Sugar
qr casks Wine
bbls Cider Royal
tons Sweedes Iron, assorted
lbs English blister Steel
ps. 42 inch Bagging
bags Shot
lbs mould do
bar Lead
do Nutmegs
Caddies Tea
bale Kerseys
do Ticking (Indigoes)
do 7-8 bro. Shirting
do 4-4 bleached do
do 7-8 do do
do 4-4 bro. do
assortment of *Dry and Fancy* GOODS,
CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE. &c. &c.
sale by L. FITZHARRIS.
ber 11. 935w.

For Sale,

valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in the
of Sampson, on the waters of the Six
known as the Cutlar Lands. It will be
to suit purchasers, and upon very accom
terms.
FREDERICK J. CUTLAR.
Fay. November 15. 93t

DRAWING OF THE
Dismal Swamp Canal Lottery, 3d Class.
following numbers were drawn out of the 60
in the wheel, in the order in which they

43—44—36—5—55—6.

holding small prizes should come forward
renew them, as they never will have
opportunity to enrich themselves at so

Yates & McIntyre,
Managers—Fayetteville, N. C.
ber 15.

MANAGER'S OFFICES,
FAYETTEVILLE & RALEIGH.

New York State Literature Lottery,
for 1826.—To be drawn at New York,
NEXT WEDNESDAY.

SCHEME.

Prize of $50,000, of which $5,000 will be
payable in the Albany lots and land, or in
money, at the option of the Managers.

		50 000 Dolls.
Prize of	20,000 Dolls. is	20,000
	10,000	10,000
	7,000	7,000
	6,000	6,000
	4,000	4,000
	3,000	3,000
	2,920	2,920
	2,000	2,000
	1,000	10,000
	500	5,000
	200	5,200
	100	10,400
	50	5,200
	20	24,960
	10	106,080
Prizes, Blanks,		$278,760

Tickets.....$10 | Quarters....$2 50
Halves..... 5 | Eighths..... 1 25

Virginia Lottery,

for the benefit of the *Dismal Swamp Canal*
Class. To be drawn at Rich-
mber 6th, 1826.

SCHEME.

Prize of	$20,000	is	20,000
Prize of	10,000	is	10,000
Prize of	6,000	is	6,000
Prize of	5,000	is	5,000
Prize of	4,000	is	4,000
Prize of	2,910	is	2,910
Prizes of	1,000	is	12,000
Prizes of	500	is	9,000
Prizes of	200	is	4,800
Prizes of	50	is	9,300
Prizes of	20	is	3,720
Prizes of	10	is	14,880
	5	is	69,750
Prizes, Blanks.			$171,360

$8—*Halves* $2 50—*Quarters* $1 25.
these splendid Schemes are offered to the
and it is hoped they will meet with the same
extent that former ones have; and there
no doubt but a large portion (*as formerly*) of
Prizes will be distributed from this Office.
Orders, *enclosing the Cash or Prizes (post paid)*
whole or the smallest share, will meet with
attention, if addressed to
YATES & McINTYRE,
FAYETTEVILLE & RALEIGH, N. C.

P. J. Tillinghast,

Agent for the TRADERS INSURANCE COM-
PANY, New York, offers to insure Buildings
and Goods therein contained, against hazards of fire.
Goods conveyed through inland Navigation-
Those desirous to effect such Insurance and re-
quiring particular information, will please make ap-
plication to said Agent.
Fayetteville, April 25th, 1826.

Negroes for Sale.

A MAN and his WIFE, (with one child) accustom-
ed to house service, and can be highly recom-
mended, are offered for sale upon accommodating
terms, for cash or approved paper. Enquire at this
Office.
November 14. 936w.

Drawing.

IN consequence of the drawings of the *New York Literature* and the *North and South Carolina Lotteries* having been inadvertently announced to take place on the same day, we are under the necessity of postponing the North and South Carolina drawing for a few days only. The avidity with the citizens have purchased, and the time now appointed for drawing not interfering with any other Lottery, we have the pleasure of informing the public that it will positively take place at *FAYETTEVILLE* on Wednesday the 20th December next.
YATES & McINTYRE, *Managers.*
Nov. 1, 1826

New Goods.

J. & S. BIRDSALL

HAVE received, by the latest arrivals, their Fall supply of NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS, consisting of an extensive assortment of STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS, *Hardware and Cutlery, Men's Women's, and Children's SHOES, GROCERIES, Genuine LIQUORS*, &c. &c., all of which they offer at wholesale or retail, at unusually low prices.

Among the DRY GOODS are—
Cloths, of all colors, fine and superfine,
Cassimeres, blue, black and gray, ditto,
Sattinetts, fine and superfine,
Flannels, white, red and green,
Do mill'd Swanskin,
Green Baizes, for Linings and Crumb Cloths,
Bombasetts, assorted colors, plain and figured,
Negro Cloths, and Blankets,
Rose Blankets, 7-4 to 13-4, superior,
Cloaks, Camblet and Tartan,
Tartan and Caroline Plaids for ditto,
Camblet ditto, brown and blue,
Spotted Flannels, for children,
Bombazeens, fine and superfine,
Hosiery, Gentlemen's and Ladies', Worsted, black and coloured,
Do do Silk and Cotton do.
Gentlemen's Lambswool and half do.
Do. Raw Silk and Worsted do.
Gloves, Gentlemen's & Ladies' fine Silk and Beaver,
Do do lined Beaver,
Do do white horse skin
Ladies' Habit and Long Kid.
Irish Linens, Sheetings and Diapers,
Thread Cambric, ditto Laces,
Long Lawn and Cambric Pocket Hhdfs.
Silks and Satins, plain and figured, assorted,
Ribbons, Silk Buttons and Trimmings.
Crapes, Nankin, Canton, and Italian,
Combs, Shell and Imitation, a large assortment,
Do. Pocket and Dressing do.
Handkerchiefs and Cravats, silk and cotton.
Cambrics, 4-4 & 6-4, plain, striped, checked & fig'd,
Calicoes, 3-4 and 4-4, fine and superfine.
Muslins, 6-4 Book, Mull, and Jaconet, plain,
4-4 and 6-4 do do do tamb'd & figd.
9-8 Swiss do do do
Shawls, Crape, Cassimere, Silk and Cotton.
Do Long ditto, Cashmere.
Sheetings, Domestic, brown and bleached, 4-4 to 6-4,
Shirtings, do. do do 3-4 & 4-4,
Do Power and Steam Loom do.
Cotton Checks, Plaids and Stripes,
Suspenders, silk, cotton and patent,

SHOES.
Women's Morocco, Seal-skin and Leather,
Men's coarse and fine ditto, and Bootees.
Children's Shoes and Boots, Leather and Worsted.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.
A choice assortment of Knives and Forks, Pocket and Pen Knives, Scissors, &c.
Baleing and Seine Twine.

GROCERIES.
TEAS—Imperial, Gunpowder and Hyson.
Spice, Pepper, Nutmegs, Salt-petre.
Sugars, Loaf and Lump,
Brown ditto. *Best* St. Croix.

LIQUORS.
WINE—Madeira, Teneriffe, Sherry, and Malaga.
French Brandy, Seignett & Bordeaux, fine flavored.
Old Jamaica Rum and Holland Gin ditto
Fayetteville Oct. 17—4tw6w4t

John Lippitt & Co,

Offer for sale, for *CASH or PRODUCE:*
10 Hhds Muscovado Sugar
55 bbls. do do
90 bags Cuba Coffee
150 kegs cut Nails assorted sizes
30 boxes No. 10 cotton Cards
75 pieces cotton Bagging
25 bbls N. E. Rum
15 do Gin
50 do Apple Brandy
10 do Malaga Wine.
November 8. 92tf.

H. Bradford & Co.,

HAVE just received a fresh supply of seasonable *DRY GOODS*, &c. and expect additions from the Partner in New York by almost every arrival through the year.
They keep an assortment of *STRAW & LEGHORN BONNETS, Fur Hats, Cotton Cards, Window Glass, Banboxes* and *Shoes*, which will be sold as low as can be afforded, either at wholesale or retail.
Fayetteville, 7th Nov. 1826. 92tf.

NEW CHEAP STORE.

CLAYLAND & BOWEN.

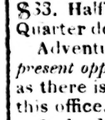
ROBERT M. CLAYLAND AND STEPHEN R. BOWEN, having connected themselves in the Mercantile Business, under the firm of *Clayland & Bowen*, beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just returned from Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, with a beautiful assortment of

Staple and Fancy Goods,
Hardware and Cutlery,
China, Glass, and Queensware,
Fur Hats, &c. &c.

Which has been selected with great care from the latest arrivals, and will be sold low for Cash.
They have taken that well known stand recently occupied by Esek Arnold, Esq. two doors above the Cape Fear Bank, where purchasers will find it their interest to give them a call.
Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90-tf

BLANKS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
Neatly printed and for sale at this Office.

ENTERTAINMENT,
BY W. CADE.



THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken that large and convenient House on Liberty Point, formerly occupied as a tavern by Mr. David Sheppard, where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers and Boarders, on reasonable terms and with the utmost regard to their comfort. His large and convenient Stables (well known as the Livery Stables) will be supplied with the best Provender, and attended by careful Ostlers. He solicits the patronage of the public.
Fayetteville, Nov. 1. 91*tf.*

Positively !!

20th day of December—The drawing of
THE NORTH & SOUTH CAROLINA
LOTTERY,

For the benefit of the Oxford Academy in N. C., &c. will take place in *FAYETTEVILLE*, and the following splendid prizes be distributed.

1	prize of	$12,000	is	$12,000
1	-	6,000	-	6,000
1	-	5,000	-	5,000
1	-	4,000	-	4,000
1	-	2,500	-	2,500
1	-	1,340	-	1,340
6	-	1,000	-	6,000
12	-	500	-	6,000
156	-	50	-	7,800
780	-	10	-	7,800
7,800	-	5	-	39,000
8,760 Prizes,				$97,440
15,600 Blanks,				

Packages of ten Tickets embracing the 30 Nos. which are warranted to draw at least $50 (nett $17) can be had at the following rates.
Whole Packages, $50—*Half, do.* 25—*Quarters, do.* 12 50.
Or should it be preferred, the amount which they must of necessity draw will be deducted and certificates given for TEN TICKETS.
Whole, $33—*Halves*, 16 50—*Quarters*, 8 25.

Whole Tickets,	$5 00
Halves,	2 50
Quarters,	1 25

Certificates can be had at the following rates
Whole certificates, composed of 10 whole Tickets, $33. Half do. composed of 10 half Tickets, $16 50. Quarter do. composed of 10 quarter Tickets $8 25.
Adventurers wishing to avail themselves of the *present opportunity* had better come forward at once, as there is but a small number of tickets unsold at this office. Remember 20th of December.
Cash advanced for prizes on demand.
Prizes in any of the Lotteries of Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, Washington City, North and South Carolina, will be received in payment.
†‡* Orders, enclosing the cash or prizes as above, post paid, for Tickets or Shares, will receive prompt attention, if addressed to
YATES & M'INTYRE,
Under Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville.
Nov. 8, 1826

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
RICHMOND COUNTY.—IN EQUITY.

William Powell, Administrator of Benj. Powell, and also of Elizabeth Powell, *vs.* Thomas Steel, Executor of Squire Robinson, Arthur Robinson and others.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Charles Robinson, one of the Defendants, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is *Ordered*, That publication be made in the *Carolina Observer* for six weeks, that the said Charles Robinson appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Richmond, at the Court House in Rockingham, on the third Monday in March next, then and there to answer, plead or demur to said Bill, otherwise judgment *pro confesso* will be entered against him.
E. LOVE, *C. M. E.*
92 6w.—Price of adv. $2 10.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES KYLE

HAS received, by the late arrivals from New York and Philadelphia, a large and full supply of *India, British, French, German, and American*

Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,

The greater part of which have been purchased at auction sales, and therefore at the most reduced prices. Also, a general assortment of
Hardware & Cutlery, Groceries, China, Glass, and Queensware,
Of all kinds and qualities. *Shoes and Boots* of every description. The Subscriber constantly remaining in New York, enables him to offer, at all times, every *new, fashionable, and desirable* article.
Country Merchants are invited to call and examine this splendid and general assortment of GOODS, which they will certainly find it to their advantage to do, as all will be sold at a very small advance, as usual, for cash only.
Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90-tf

Drug and Medicine Store,
At the sign of the Mortar, Hay Street, Fayetteville, No. Carolina.

R. T. GOODWIN has just received a fresh supply of *DRUGS and MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS*, &c., which he will sell wholesale and retail, cheap for cash or approved credit. Among the articles received, is
Swaim's celebrated PANACEA,
genuine. Thompson's *EYE WATER*, &c. &c.
October 25 90tf.

ODD & EVEN SYSTEM.

The most splendid Scheme in the United States.
GRAND STATE LOTTERY OF MD.
To be drawn in the city of Baltimore on Wednesday 15th of November next.

Highest Prize, $50,000,
And others of

$30,000	20,000	10,000
6,000	4,000	1,000
10 of $500,	50 of $100,	100 of $50, &c. &c.

Tickets $10 | Quarters $2 50
Halves 5 | Eighths 1 25
To be had, in the greatest variety of numbers (Odd and Even) at
HATCHER'S
Lottery & Exchange Office,
Hay st. Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 18.

Groceries.

10 Hhd. good Sugar,
5 do. Jamaica Coffee,
25 bags St. Domingo, do.
40 bbls. Apple Brandy,
10 casks Cheese,
Just received and for sale by
R. F. YARBROUGH & Co.
Nov. 8, 1826—92tf

DRAFTS

ON NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA and CHARLESTON, for sale at all times, in sums to suit purchasers,
By E. L. WINSLOW.
United States Money for sale; Georgia and South Carolina Money wanted
November 1. 91tf

WHO IS INSURED?

The United States Fire Insurance Company of the City of N. York,

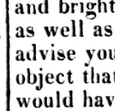
INSURE Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Household Furniture, &c. against *LOSS BY FIRE*, on application to the Subscriber, Agent at Fayetteville.
J. BIRDSALL.
November 1. 918t.

Prizes! Prizes!! Prizes!!!
TO BE DRAWN IN FAYETTEVILLE, THE 20th OF DECEMBER, 1826.

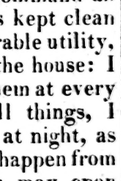
North & S. Carolina Lottery,
For the benefit of the Oxford Academy, &c.

Highest Prize, $12,000.

Besides $6,000, 5,000, 4,000, 2,500, 1,340. 500's, 50's, 10's, &c.
Tickets only 5 dolls, shares in proportion, for sale at
Hatcher's Lucky Office,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Orders from any part of the country, enclosing the cash, (postage paid) or prizes in any of the Northern Lotteries, will be thankfully received and promptly attended to, if addressed to
C. HATCHER, *Fayetteville, N. C.*



Boots and Shoes.



THE subscriber has just received, in addition to his former stock, *Seventy five Packages* of BOOTS and SHOES, which he offers at wholesale or retail, at reduced prices for cash.
H. G. NELSON.
N. B. Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Pumps made to measure, as usual, in the first style, at short notice
October 25. 90tf.

Gun Powder.

ROGERS' ORANGE GUN POWDER of N. YORK.
A constant supply of this superior article, warranted equal to any in the United States, for sale by
J. & S. BIRDSALL,
Oct 17—89-8t *Agents, Fayetteville*

Letter to a beautiful Woman.—Dear Madam—As you occupy a very handsome house, and are able to furnish it in a proper manner, you will excuse a friend who is anxious to give you a little advice on the subject.

Your building being formed of the finest materials, it will show in a moment any flaw or spot that may accidentally tarnish the surface; it is of a proper height, a well proportioned size, and built on a regular plan.

On the top stands a turret, of a globular form, with two crystal windows in front; these are so constructed, as to command an extensive prospect, and if always kept clean and bright, will prove of considerable utility, as well as a great ornament to the house: I advise you not to look through them at every object that passes, and above all things, I would have you shut them early at night, as many disagreeable circumstances happen from a neglect in this particular; you may open them as early as you please in the morning.

On each side, I observe a small portal to receive company; pray take care they do not always stand open; as you will be crowded with visiters, and perhaps with some you may not like; let them never be shut against your worthy parents, a sincere friend, or a fellow creature in distress.

I took notice of one gate in the front, at which all your company goes out; in general I recommend it to you to keep it closely barred, lest, should any bad characters be seen forthcoming, you draw a scandal on your residence; if at any time, on necessary occasions, it should be opened, I would lay a strict injunction of watchfulness on the two porters who stand as sentinels, in liveries of scarlet, just without the ivory palisade.

Some ill advised people paint the two pannels just below the windows; an example which I hope you will shun rather than follow.

This part of the edifice is supported by a pillar of Corinthian marble, whose base is ornamented with two semi-globes of alabaster, before which, most prudent people draw a curtain of needle-work; a practice of late years strangely neglected by some, who, by such conduct, prove themselves grossly deficient in policy, propriety and good taste.

Beneath, is the great hall, in which I understand, you have a small closet of exquisite workmanship; this, I suppose, is the place of your secret retirement, open to none but yourself, or some faithful friend; take care always to keep it clean, and furnished with a small but well chosen library of the best practical authors; enter it frequently, especially when you return from public worship, or from visiting your friends.

Avoid two opposite errors which the owners of many houses fall into; let not the outside hall appear like the shop of an undertaker, fitting out a funeral, and crowded with gloomy objects, and woful countenances, nor like a lord mayor's coach bedaubed with gilding and finery; let it be plain, neat, and always clean, to convince the world that you attend more to utility than ornament.

You must not be surprised to find the tenement you inhabit subject to decay and incident; it is the common effect of time to efface beauty, and diminish strength; during the short space you have already lived in it, repairs have been frequently wanted; these, you must consider as plain intimations, that the house itself, in a certain number of years, will fall, "and, like the baseless fabric of a vision, leave not a wreck behind."

If I recollect right, you are only tenant at will, and may be turned out, with or without warning, for that was the condition on which it was let to you: be always ready, therefore, to go at a moment's notice, and be particularly careful to keep the furniture in the globular turret and the contents of the little closet arranged in good order, that you may be able to lay your hand on them without perplexity or confusion.

If will be in vain to attempt to do it, as some have fancied they may in the bustle and hurry of a sudden removal; a neglect of this important precaution has proved an irreparable injury to thousands.

Excuse this hasty epistle, pardon the liberty I have taken, and impute it to the warm zeal and sincere attachment of

Your humble servant.

In the State of Ohio, the name of Bloomfield, as given to a county and town, occurs *five* times; Canaan, *four;* Centre, *five;* Clinton, *seven;* Concord, *eight;* Fairfield, *nine;* German, *five;* Franklin, *sixteen;* Greene, *eighteen;* Harrison, *sixteen;* Jackson, *eighteen;* Liberty, *eleven;* Madison, *nineteen;* Milford, *six;* Monroe, *twenty;* Orange, *six;* Oxford, *seven;* Perry, *fifteen;* Pike, *nine;* Pleasant, *seven;* Richland, *ten;* Salem, *thirteen;* Springfield, *thirteen;* Troy, *six;* Union, *twenty-seven;* Washington, *twenty-two;* Wayne, *twenty.*—And this is not all; the changes are rung on almost every name, with the suffixes, *ville, field, burgh,* and others. Thus we have *Waynesville, Waynesburgh, Waynesfield; Jacksonville, Jacksonborough; Franklinton.* And then comes the prefix *New*, as *New Liberty, New Madison, New Salem.* It not unfrequently happens, indeed, that two adjoining counties have each a town of the same name, and bordering upon the same line; thus, you have but a single step from *Madison* in Pickaway county, to *Madison* in Franklin county, these towns being only separated by a line, and so of others.—*North Am. Review.*

[If this were only ridiculous, it might be disregarded; but when we consider the confusion it is calculated to produce, and does produce, in the transmission of letters, newspapers, &c. through the mails, it must be regarded as an evil; and we really think the Postmaster General would be justifiable in withholding a post office from any town bearing the name (with or without prefix or suffix) of another town having a Post Office in the same State.]—*Nat. Int.*

Greensborough, N. C. Nov. 15.

Labor saving Inventions.—There is now in this town, a Hand Grist Mill, the invention of Mr. Moses Mendenhall, of this county, the stones 12 inches in diameter, and are placed perpendicular; the machinery is very simple and easily constructed. This Mill must prove very serviceable to the Southern and Western States, as it can, at a very trifling expense, be attached to a Cotton Gin or other machinery; it grinds by hand, nearly as fast as the common water mills with four feet stones. Mr. Mendenhall, the inventer, possesses considerable mechanical genius.

Mr. Benjamin Overman, of this town, has invented a Saw Mill, to go by hand, for sawing straight or circular Timber for Coach Makers, &c. This is an ingenious and very valuable mechanical invention.

Messrs. Benjamin Overman and John Russel, have invented a machine for cutting the Fur off of skins for Hatters, which has the appearance of being very useful.

Mr. Jeremiah Hubbard, of this county, has likewise invented a machine for cutting off Fur, also, a Flying Shuttle Loom, for weaving plain double or figured cloth.

Patriot.

Swaim's Panacea.—Robert Boston, of Shenango county, N. Y. who had long laboured under an obstinate disease, which had destroyed his palate, and was forming ulcers near his windpipe, having put himself under the care of Mr. Swaim, of Philadelphia, was entirely cured by using four bottles of his Panacea. Mr. Swaim, generously furnished the medicine free of expense.

Printing upon Zinc.—At the bookstore of Leath, at Darmstadt, has appeared the first great work whose prints are taken from plates of zinc; it is a collection of architectural monuments which will consist of twenty numbers. The drawings are made upon zinc as upon stone, and the expense of engraving is thus avoided. The editor is, in consequence, able to sell each number, containing 12 folio plates, at five francs.

At a military training in Salem, (Mass.) a man was shot through the leg, a boy was injured, and a horse took fright and ran away.

Bad Singing.—There was something of novelty, it is true, but not less of reason, in the proceedings of a late esteemed minister of New England, who, at the close of a very badly sung psalm, read another to the choir, saying, "You must try again, for it is impossible to preach after such singing!"

FOREIGN.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Charleston, Nov. 16.

The ship *Robt. Edwards*, Capt. Sherburne, arrived in the offing last evening, from London, having left Gravesend on the 3d ult.

Letters received in Paris, from Madrid, dated 18th Sept., state that alarming accounts of disturbances had just been received from various parts of the kingdom.—King Ferdinand was suffering extremely from the gout.

The Corn Laws continue to be the subject of animated discussion in the English papers; another attempt will be made to repeal the system at the next meeting of Parliament.

The Emperor of Austria was ill, and a meeting of the imperial family was about to take place with a view of forming preliminary arrangements for a succession, in case of his decease.

Sir Walter Scott, it is said, is shortly to be married to a lady of immense wealth, a maiden sister of Mr. Bruce, Printer to the King in Scotland.

Mr. Gallatin had gone with his family to [illegible] the recess of business at Paris. Perhaps he was not unwilling to see for himself, and we know no one more able to see clearly, how the foreign Secretary, Mr. Canning, might occupy his time there.

The health of the Duke of York, the heir to the throne, had become almost hopeless

London, Sept. 29.

We have just received, by express, the Etoile of yesterday, from which we make a few extracts:—

From the Etoile, dated yesterday.

PARIS SEPT. 28.

The *Austrian Observer* has the following news from Constantinople, under the date of August 31:—

"This day was set apart for the solemn re-establishment, in the Mosque, of the Standard of the Prophet, erected for the last three months in the Court of the Seraglio; and unfortunately this long looked-for happy day was disturbed by a most deplorable disaster. A fire accidentally broke out in a baker's shop near Baghdsche Kapousei (Garden-gate.) It raged with such violence that for a length of time all efforts to extinguish it were of no avail, and a great part of the town, from the gate to the Mosque of the Sultan, Amuras, and Bajasid, and extending along the walls to the sea of Marmora. Several large palaces and markets have been destroyed. The Sultan caused the gates to be opened to receive those unfortunate sufferers, who were unable to rescue any part of their property.

All the Ministers, the Vizier and the Seraskier at their head, rendered every assistance in their power. All the troops were under arms, and we are assured that, considering all the circumstances, the utmost order was kept. At twelve o'clock at night the fire was still raging.

Several Tartars from the camp of Redschid Pacha, arrived on the 25th inst. with intelligence of the taking of Athens on the 15th August, after a most desperate resistance on the part of the garrison, the greater portion of whom were massacred.

Gouras is blocked up in Acripolis, and is provided with provisions for a long time.

The Porte attaches less importance to the taking of Athens, than to the submission of 32 villages in Attica, who sent deputies to the Seraskier, to express their peaceable inclinations."

Manchester.—We have the satisfaction of again remarking the progressive improvements in trade, which seems, in most of the branches of the cotton manufacture, to be steadily, though not rapidly, recovering from the late depression. We were happy to hear on Tuesday that a number of the manufacturers had intimated their intention of immediately raising the wages of their weavers 3d per piece, or, perhaps, on the average, about 15 per cent. In yarns, for the foreign markets, an extensive business is doing, but the spinners complain that all the advance they can get on twist is swallowed up in the advance on cotton wool.

Fever in Dublin.—We lament to find that fever is greatly on the increase in this city. There can be no doubt of the fact, because the information comes from the very best authority—the Board of Health, and also from the physicians who preside over several of the charitable institutions.

Charleston, Nov. 17.

By the regular trading ship Sarah & Caroline, Capt. Prince, arrived yesterday, in 31 days from Liverpool, we have received copious files of London, Liverpool, and other papers, and periodicals to the 14th October. Although several days later, they furnish no political intelligence of importance. Rumors still abound of projected hostilities between Russia and Persia, but they appear to excite little interest in England.

It is stated in one of our London papers, that the *Acasta*, arrived in the Thames from New York, had brought over to the house of *Baring & Co.*, 400,000 Spanish dollars, which were shipped on board in the night.

The latest London papers state, that that singular undertaking, the Thames Tunnell, is making rapid progress towards its completion, with every probability of ultimate success.

A dreadful mortality continued to prevail at Groningen—the deaths during the week ending 5th ult. were 158; the week previous, 162. The number of sick was estimated at between 9 and 10,000.

The health of the Duke of York had so much improved, as to enable him to transact business at his own house.

Under date of Rome, September 23, we find it mentioned in the Algmeine Zeitzung, that the Pope, on account of the wickedness which prevails, and the dangers which, in consequence, threaten "the pride of the Lamb," which is understood to mean the Roman Church, has ordered nine days of prayer, and three of fasting, to avert the evil.—*Courier.*

The London papers have published a statement of the force of the Russian army, communicated to them by Dr. Lyall. It is summed up in gross to the number of 767,000 men. But Dr. Lyall says the effective force for prompt operations cannot be reckoned at more than 300,000 men.

The last lottery that will be drawn in England (agreeably to the existing Acts of Parliament) was to be drawn on the 18th ult.

Invasion of Russia by the Persians.—While all minds in the metropolis of Russia seem to have been wholly occupied with expected scenes of festivity, intelligence of no common importance has been received from the Persian frontier. General Yermoloff, who commands in Georgia, had sent despatches to his Government, to announce that the Russian Territory had, in several parts, been suddenly invaded by the Persians.

Sir John Copley, an American by birth, (son of Mr. Copley the painter) has been appointed by the King of England, Master of the Rolls, in the place of Lord Gifford, deceased.

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, dated October 11

Our Cotton Market is very dull this week, and we think it will continue so, with a gradual decline in prices, until they reach the quotations of the end of August, which are about a half penny per lb. under our present rates."

October 14.

Upon the whole, this has been a very dull week, and the sales of every article of foreign produce have been on a very limited scale.

Cotton Wool.—The import is 5369, and the sales amount to 7320 bags, at a reduction of ¼d on American descriptions; but at the close of the week the market was more firm.

A letter of late date from Paris, received at New York, says—"It is generally believed here, that a war must be the result of the present state of things in Europe, and that the late revolution in Portugal will be the ostensible reason for it. England has declared that she will protect the new constitutional government of that country, and the *constitutional* government of France has insisted, and has been promised, that no steps shall be taken to import it into Spain, where it would have a chance of destroying the blessings of the holy inquisition. On the other side, the Emperor of Russia goes on with a slow, but steady march towards the old favorite plan of getting possession of a warmer climate. Austria, hardly knowing what to do, is induced to wish strength and prosperity to her old inveterate and natural enemy, the Turk; and, not daring to assist him more openly, she sends a miserable frigate into the Mediterranean, to vex and teaze the Greeks, who have already threatened to set fire to her."

On the authority of the French papers, it is stated that Com. Hamilton has communicated to the Greek authorities, that the British Ambassador at Constantinople is authorised by the European powers to treat with Turkey for a settlement of the differences with Greece, but that the negotiations have been delayed in consequence of the recent difficulties in Constantinople.

In 1821, the population of London, including the suburbs, was 1,274,000. Its increase, in the ten years, from 1811 to 1821, was 224,000 souls.

Re-union of the Methodists.—New Wesleyan Methodist Chapel.—This beautiful and truly magnificent edifice in Tiviot Dale, was opened for divine service, on Sunday and Monday, the 10th and 11th inst. Under the chapel two large rooms are prepared for the use of 800 children belonging to the Methodist Sunday School, and an additional gallery erected in the chapel for their accommodation during the hours of public worship. Public worship commenced at ten o'clock on Sunday morning. The *Liturgy of the Church of England, which is to be regularly used as a part of the morning service,* was read in a most impressive manner by the Reverend R. Newton; after which the Rev. A. Clarke, LL. D. delivered a truly excellent sermon, in the course of which he stated *the very great pleasure it afforded him to witness the introduction of the Liturgy in that place,* and expressed his ardent desire that he might live to see it adopted, in every place where the Methodists have a morning service.

FROM COLOMBIA.

New York, Nov. 14.

IMPORTANT NEWS.—We announced, a few days since, that the Provinces of *Cumana, Quito,* and *Guayaquil* had joined what was called the confederacy of Venezuela, and united in calling for the immediate assembly of a National Convention.

By way of Jamaica, we now have advices that the Department of Magdalena has united with the above Provinces for the same purpose. Carthagena papers of the 29th of September, with which we have been furnished, contain the details of this act of the municipal authorities, and a declaration of the necessity that exists for an improvement in the present state of things. We have also been favored with the following extract of a letter from a very respectable gentleman of Carthagena, by which it will be seen that a most important change in the Government of Colombia is about to be made, and that BOLIVAR *is to be invested with supreme authority!—Mer. Advertiser.*

"*Carthagena, 1st Oct.* 1826.

"DEAR SIR: An opportunity offering for Jamaica permits me to enclose to you an extraordinary Gazette of this city, containing the proceedings had and resolutions adopted by the military chiefs, municipality, and citizens, on the 28th and 29th ultimo, by which you will perceive that our Province joins Venezuela and the other Departments in their call for a reform of Government.—The affair has been conducted in the spirit of good order and unanimity. Our common occupations were not interrupted a moment; and all goes on as though nothing had happened. A messenger is to be sent immediately to Bolivar, who is expected in Bogota the 12th of this month, and whose presence will, we hope, restore concord to the Republic. We beg leave to convey to you our firm conviction that no event will endanger foreign property in this country. Whatever change may take place in the form of Government, neither we nor our property will be molested; and we shall be glad to learn that all who have interests here, feel satisfied under this assurance.—The present intention of the People is to give to Bolivar extraordinary power, to act as he may think proper; the end will probably be that he be named Perpetual Dictator. Friends as we are to the cause, and march of liberty throughout the world, we cannot help admitting that this People are not capable of enjoying it, and would be more happy under a rigorous military despotism, which we are fast approaching to. These frequent political movements will, we fear, affect our friends in London, but we do not ourselves doubt that, if Bolivar returns, and acts under the extraordinary powers given to him, all the creditors of the country will feel the benefit of it. One of his measures will be to re-establish the national credit abroad as well as at home. We see no evil to apprehend, and a great deal of good to result from the change."

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM COLOMBIA.

By an arrival at New York, from Porto Cavello, a gentleman of that city has received a letter from his friend at La Guayra, dated the 17th of October, communicating the important intelligence, that Paez is retracing his steps, and that the insurrectionary movements in Venezuela are about to subside of their own accord, without even the interference of the General Government. The Mercantile Advertiser gives the following extracts from the letter:

La Guayra, Oct. 17.

"Great changes, and for the better, have taken place. The leaders and promoters of the faction are, by their recent acts, convinced that the People are not to be ruled, or even urged into *civil war*, and that their devotion to them is not so absolute as, in the first instance, their vanity led them to suppose. At the meeting of the People, called by order of General Paez, upon his arrival at Caraccas, it was resolved *to discharge the forces raised for defence or other purposes;* that a deputation of three of the most respectable men of Caraccas, be forthwith despatched to Bogota, humbly to represent the wishes of Venezuela; in short to place things as near as possible as they stood, ere this unfortunate event took place. *All this has been done,* and the consequence is, confidence is about to be restored. We certainly consider the affair entirely at an end. So far as concerns the power of the General Government over this district, BOLIVAR is *absolute* in the hearts of the people. We have certain accounts of his being on his way, and from what has taken place in affairs, and the great intimacy that subsists between General Paez and Madame Bolivar, some of the wise ones augur, nay, assert as a fact, that Paez and Bolivar have a perfect understanding—but that great sacrifices are to be made—names are mentioned, &c. Upon this, we are silent; congratulating ourselves upon the happy termination of this affair.

It is common, our readers know, for Lottery venders to prefix to their advertisements something of a different nature, more likely than a common advertisement, to attract the reader's eye. This is well enough, and sometimes very amusing. In the advertisement of one of those gentlemen in Baltimore, however, we observe a caption which seems to us of rather unfortunate omen. The head of "French *Spoliations*" is not a very tempting one to place over an invitation to buy tickets in a Lottery, or to try one's fortune at any other game. The other leading topic of the day, it just occurs to us, would be equally unlucky as a headline. "Reduction of revenue," at the head of such an advertisement, would rather repel than attract customers.

Fathers should not help their sons too much when young; let them browse while their teeth are good. Yet Dr. Franklin did well to establish prudent, but indigent, young men in trade, to be reimbursed hereafter; because, when a pump is dry, water must be poured in at the top before any can come up from the bottom.

Jury Trial.—In France a majority of a jury can give a verdict; but it appears the judges have great power. A case is mentioned where a verdict was given by seven of the twelve jurors; but the Judge reversed their verdict and adopted the opinion of the minority.

It may be mentioned to the credit of Presidents Madison, Monroe and Adams, that on the occasion of their inauguration, they respectively appeared clad in American manufactures.

Automaton.—Mr. Maelzel has accepted the challenge of a writer in the American to play his automaton chess player against him. He offers to bet from $1 to $4000, should the match be concluded upon within three days, when he leaves this city for Philadelphia. Should the above sums be insufficient, he says he is authorized to state that the bet chess players in Boston will back the automaton to any amount.

GENERAL LAFAYETTE.

A letter from an American in France is published in the National Gazette, containing some interesting particulars of a visit to General Lafayette, from which we make the following extracts:

"We rode through a pretty country, and reached the chateau, the court yard of which we entered under an arched way, and which forms a quadrangle, with one side opening on a beautiful lawn. Here we alighted and at the door were received by the General's two daughters and Madame de Lafayette, the wife of Mr. George (as he is called by the family); by whom we were conducted up a beautiful stone stair-case to the antechamber, which I will endeavor to describe to you. It is an oblong square (which you know is not a square,) and the first view as you enter the door is the painting, on the left of the door by which you enter the drawing room, being a representation of the Bastile, on the second day after the demolition had been commenced by the people of Paris; over the door was a painting, representing the French brig "La Bonne Mere," as she passed the narrow strait of Port Passage, in Spain, in which General Lafayette made his first voyage to America. On the other side of the door was a representation of Military, being the forty thousand troops commanded by General Lafayette, in the city of Paris, during the Revolution. On entering this room, and turning around, we saw the portraits of Washington, on one side, and Franklin on the other, surmounted and over-shadowed by the banner of the United States, forming a beautiful drapery, hanging in graceful festoons over the picture of the former; and which we observed from an inscription on the margin, was the flag of the Brandywine frigate. In various parts of the room were trophies and mementos descriptive of prominent points of American Revolutionary story;—and on a high secretary, stood the bust of the present President of the United States.

"I had a great deal of interesting conversation on American topics with the General. He seemed to be particularly interested in the subject of the Pennsylvania Penitentiary, and is, I find, very hostile to the system. 'The People of Pennsylvania think,' said he, 'that the system of solitary confinement is a new idea, a new discovery; not so—it is only the revival of the system of the Bastile. The State of Pennsylvania, which has given to the world an example of humanity, and whose code of philanthropy has been quoted and canvassed by all Europe, is now about to proclaim to the world the inefficacy of the system, and to revive and to restore the cruel code of the most barbarous and unenlightened age. There is another feature (said he) which chilled me to look on. I saw the turrets, which flank the corners of the wall, from which the sentries are to overlook the establishment. I have been subject to all this; and, of all the sufferings of my life, none have exceeded, none have equalled, that single oppression of being, for three whole years, asleep and awake, sitting or standing, exposed to the view of two eyes, watching my every motion, taking from my very thoughts every idea of privacy. I can truly say that imprisonment, of itself, was mercy compared to this. I am told that they are to be without the least employment, and are not to be allowed the use of books. Now, I was not put into confinement as a thief, and I cannot with certainty speak as to the effect this system will have on them. I was confined for my tendency to Revolutionary principles; and, during the whole time of my imprisonment, all my thoughts were directed to one single object, and my head full of plans for revolutionizing Europe. So I think it will be with the thief; and when he shall be restored to society, it will be with his head full of plans, concocted and devised during this singularly favorable opportunity. I hope my friends of Pennsylvania will consider the effect this system had on the poor prisoners of the Bastile.' 'I repaired to the scene,' said he, 'on the second day of the demolition, and found that all the prisoners had been deranged by their solitary confinement, except one. He had been a prisoner twenty-five years, and was led forth during the height of the tumultuous riot of the people whilst engaged in tearing down the buildings. He looked around with amazement; for he had seen nobody for that space of time, and before night he was so much affected that he became a confirmed maniac, from which situation he never was recovered.'

"Around the General is a crowd of Americans generally, and I fear that many of our countrymen impose on his good nature, and that too in a manner which is distressing to every one having the least feeling of honor. I have been told that, within the last week, he has had nine applications for the loan of money; and such is the peculiarity of his situation, that he cannot refuse. I mentioned this to Mr. Brown, and he said that he did not doubt the truth of the story; and told me several instances of the same kind, which came under his own personal knowledge. The old gentleman is obliged to keep many of his own countrymen, so that he has his hands full. Around him is to be found a delightful society, and the Liberals assemble there as to a common centre. Amongst the company I met Mr. Benjamin Constant, the celebrated member of the Chamber of Deputies, and I think I have not seen in France a more interesting man."

The National Intelligencer says, "In the interesting letter from France, the good Lafayette is represented as very pointedly condemning solitary imprisonment, and the penitentiary system altogether. Great allowance ought to be made, it appears to us, for the effect upon his mind of the long and cruel imprisonment he himself underwent when in the prime of life, in the greatest activity of mind and body. The case of the [illegible] in the Bastile has no analogy to the [illegible] the prisoners under the penitentiary [illegible] It is the labor of the latter which [illegible] zest to life, which a life of inaction [illegible] can possess; which gives health to [illegible] and strength to the mind. The solit[illegible] finement is but for the night, which [illegible] kind, probably, as well as they, pas[illegible] tary rooms, with the difference, to [illegible] that their solitude is voluntary. W[illegible] mean to argue the point here, how[illegible] to express the hope that our readers [illegible] suffer their minds to be operated upon [illegible] good General's reasoning, which is, [illegible] self, for every consideration in the w[illegible] titled to our respect, but not infall[illegible]

GENERAL JACKSON.

The Nashville Gazette of the 1st [illegible] tains the following article; which [illegible] precursor of a hot paper-war: [illegible] seem from the articles we to day ex[illegible] the Journal and Telegraph, that the[illegible] have joined issue on the conduct of [illegible] pending the decision of the H. of R[illegible] tatives on the last Presidential elect[illegible] circular address of the Editor of t[illegible] graph has produced the positive [illegible] some of its assertions by the Journ[illegible] Gen. Greene considers, Mr. Clay [illegible] to which he joins issue, and pronou[illegible] having, as he asserts, evidence in h[illegible] sion.

"It is with us some little matter [illegible] prise that the denial of the Journ[illegible] have been delayed until the issue [illegible] circular by the Editor of the Telegr[illegible] it so happen, that at the time, the [illegible] Messrs. Gazlay, Ingham, &c. [illegible] points having paramount claims to t[illegible] tary's attention, and the Journal [illegible] no orders, thought it best to rest [illegible] Be this, however, as it may: the [illegible] charge that a warm friend of Mr. C[illegible] apply to two members of Congress [illegible] of intimacy with Gen. Jackson, [illegible] them to ascertain from him some [illegible] as to the formation of his cabinet [illegible] on fears that without such inform[illegible] Clay and his friends might defeat h[illegible] with such information the *friend* had [illegible] the General would be elected. [illegible] both, the *friend* himself ventured [illegible] of the General whether, if elected, [illegible] *ded to continue Mr. Adams in the* [illegible] *partment*, and gave, as the reason [illegible] quiry, his opinion that on that [illegible] *the vote of Mr. Clay and his friend*[illegible]

It was to this inquiry, Gen. Ja[illegible] the answer: "You may tell Mr. Cl[illegible] *friends, that sooner than I would ta*[illegible] *sidential Chair on terms of bargain* [illegible] *ter, I would see the earth open and* [illegible] *whole corrupt crew to its centre, and* [illegible] *sary to go with them myself.*" The [illegible] neral understood the question as an [illegible] to vote for him on *condition*, may [illegible] seen from the answer. That the [illegible] made at the instance of Mr. Clay, [illegible] ferred from the fact that on the next [illegible] the answer was given, Mr. Clay [illegible] favor of the man who his friend was [illegible] dition out of office. These matters [illegible] tofore more than once been publi[illegible] brought to the notice of the Journa[illegible] not till now denied. How far Ge[illegible] will be able to make good his p[illegible] proofs, we know *not—but we do k*[illegible] *the proofs are extant, and can be pro*[illegible] *the circumstances we have sketched.*

U. States' Bank.—The Providence Journal says, "We understand that the [illegible] the United States, with a view to s[illegible] efforts of the general government [illegible] a metallic currency in the place of [illegible] bills of the almost innumerable ban[illegible] which our country abounds, has [illegible] its several offices not to receive in [illegible] or deposit any bank notes whatever [illegible] the denomination of five dollars.

Greek Ships.—At a meeting of the [illegible] of Philadelphia, held on the 8th [illegible] thew Carey in the chair, a committee [illegible] pointed to "report upon the expe[illegible] opening a subscription throughout the [illegible] to raise funds for building or purc[illegible] vessel of war, and presenting the same [illegible] Greeks, to indemnify them for the [illegible] one they have been deprived of by [illegible] agement in New York.

Colonel Tarleton.—The haughty T[illegible] vaunting his feats of gallantry to a [illegible] disparagement of officers of the Co[illegible] al cavalry, said to a lady at Wil[illegible] (N. C.) "I have a very earnest desi[illegible] your far famed hero, Colonel Washi[illegible] "Your wish, Colonel, might have b[illegible] gratified," she promptly replied, "[illegible] ventured to look behind you, after t[illegible] tle of the Cowpens." It was in that [illegible] that Washington had wounded T[illegible] which gave rise to a still more point[illegible] tort. Conversing with Mrs. Wiley [illegible] at Halifax, (N. C.) Colonel Tarleton [illegible] ed, "You appear to think very hi[illegible] Colonel Washington, and yet I hav[illegible] told that he is so ignorant a fellow, [illegible] can hardly write his own name." "[illegible] be the case, she replied, "but no man [illegible] than yourself, Colonel, can testify t[illegible] knows how to make his mark.

When M. S.——, a Frenchman [illegible] ous for speaking ill of every body, d[illegible] was reported he had poisoned his [illegible] "What!" replied Madame Montange, [illegible] he must have *bit his own tongue.*

A Massachusetts editor takes cre[illegible] his state for being the first to constr[illegible] railway in America.—"Oh no," rep[illegible] Georgia editor, "my state was the [illegible] *because* your railway is to be *only three* [illegible] long and ours is to be *two hundred*." [illegible] cent reader, neither of these railroa[illegible] yet made. Anticipation is the pro[illegible] figure of American rhetoric.

ERVER.
ETTEVILLE:
AFTERNOON. NOV. 22, 1826.

Court for this county is still

Friday last, negro Dick, the
of Sampson county, charged
committed a rape, was tried.
about sunset, and after deli-
hours, returned a verdict of
pursuance of which the Judge
Monday, to pass the awful
law, viz: that he be hung at
Saturday the 9th day of next

white man was convicted of
sentence in arrest of judgment

morning entered upon the
which has been pending for
the State Bank against the
Bayford, (former Cashier
this town.) The trial will
several days, and excite
not only on account of the
ing (60 or 70,000 dollars.)
ount of the ability of the Coun-
For the Plaintiffs, Messrs.
and Taylor—For the Defend-
Gaston, Toomer, and Henry.

Court at Raleigh adjourned
The libel suit of the Rev.
ker against the Rev. Fred'k.
ed the Court from Tuesday
day night, when it was com-
ury, who returned a verdict,
ming, of $1800 damages for
bject to the opinion of the
will be given at the next term
veral points of law. Counsel
Mr. Gaston.—For the De-
s. Seawell and Badger. The
Whitaker against the Rev.
and Judge Potter, for circu-
was referred, by consent, to
in the first suit, who decid-
be dismissed, each party pay-
s.

regret to state, that in con-
the news from Europe, this
ed from 10¼ to 9 8-16 cents.
pretty freely.
Cotton on hand at Liverpool
st. was estimated at 340,000
36,000 was North American,
American, 60,000 Egyptian,
other kinds.
ation.—The *New York Jour-*
day last, in its Review of the
ket, observes:
mmend to the planters, particular-
ng neighbors, to pack their cotton
they are more saleable for export,
ce of freight, less liable to injury
ot are about as acceptable to our
ers, and preferred by those who
manage."

ous Notes.—In New York, 3
discount. Philadelphia, 3 to
Norfolk, 2½ per cent. Rich-
per cent. Petersburg, 1½ to
Charleston, 2 to 2½ per cent.—
ges.

ared that De Witt Clinton is
ernor of New York, by a ma-
about two thousand votes, over
ister. In 1824, his majority
sixteen thousand.

ratic Press has incidentally
estion, "Do the United States,
ution or Laws, any where re-
ized citizen?" and says,
ws expressly negative the idea of
being regarded as a citizen. In
gulation of seamen, passed by Con-
1813, it is provided, "that it shall
employ on board any of the public
of the United States, any person or
izens of the United States or per-
ons of the United States." Is there
ore act of Congress which directly
ouds the idea that a coloured person
ny circumstances, become a citizen of
?

, free coloured persons exer-
the most essential rights of citi-
ularly the right of suffrage,
not believe, were it practicable
se of that privilege, that one
ould be willing again to
em. It is republicanism, to be
e always been attended with
.

The message of Gov. Troup was
to the Legislature on the 7th
portion of it is on the subject
Treaties, which he discusses
moderate, though firm language.
of next importance to which
directs the attention of the Le-
ternal Improvement. Georgia
great interest; and, possessed
intelligence, and public spirit, she
ed to take the lead of all the Southern States in extending and improving her means of internal trade. Some of her works, canals and rail roads, have been commenced with spirit. In the following paragraph the Governor suggests a work not much less grand and important than the New York canal:

"To open new sources of commerce, and give facilities to those already open, are the great objects of the system. If by a communication between the waters of Tennessee and those of Georgia, the trade of the Mississippi and Ohio can be diverted to our Atlantic ports, the freight and commissions would more than suffice to replace, with the ordinary interest, the capital which might be employed in effecting that communication; and if this were true at the beginning, the progressively increasing commerce which an almost unbounded region, with rapidly augmenting population, would supply, might convert a channel of intercourse into a permanent source of revenue to the state. Whatever can be realized in this respect, will depend on the facilities given by the projected canal across the Peninsula of Florida, which forming a line of steam boat communication between the Western waters and our Atlantic ports, cheap, continuous and comparatively safe, may have advantages over the short and more direct route, not open to this valuable instrument of conveyance. As connected with such an undertaking, the states of Alabama and Tennessee have been consulted, and their views in relation to it, so far as communicated, are submitted.

"With respect to that part of public improvement designed to facilitate the intercourse of trade within our own limits, the obvious rule will be to adapt our measures not only to the actual state of the trade and commerce of the country, but to the means which we can command to give efficacy and success to them: and, whether canals, or rail-roads, or turnpikes, shall in different situations be considered as best adapted to this end, to limit both capital and labor to a single object at a time, until that object it accomplished. It need not excite surprise, if, before a long time, with the exception of the level alluvial country, the rail will universally supersede the canal, having the advantage of cheapness, expedition, healthfulness, safety, and certainty."

The latter paragraph recommends a course by which, had it been pursued, something useful might have been effected in our own state, —"to limit both capital and labor to one object, until that object is accomplished." A great cause of the failure of all our plans of improvement was, that they were all undertaken at once: the capital and labor of the state were inadequate to the completion of the whole, and the consequence is, that not much good has been done for any. We believe that no other state has suffered so much by this imprudent course as North Carolina.

A resolution was presented to the Legislature on the 7th inst. in favor of Gen. Jackson for the next Presidency.

The unworthy attempt lately made by the Richmond Whig to deprive Gen. Jackson of the honor of the victory at New Orleans, has entirely failed. In addition to the evidence already before the public, General Adair, on whose head the Whig wished to fix the laurel, has cast it from him, and gives full credit to Gen. Jackson. In a letter to a friend, he states "that he did not arrive at New Orleans until the 3d of January, and that the line of defence was nearly finished, and the men at their posts." He also speaks of Gen. J. as possessing "a cool, calculating head, a vigorous mind," &c.

Mr. Wirt's Oration has been published in pamphlet form in Washington, and is sold at 50 cents a copy, the profits to be presented to the daughter of Mr. Jefferson. No extracts have yet appeared in the newspapers.

Domestic Economy.—We recognise some of the most respectable names in the State among the following list of persons who lately obtained premiums from the Agricultural Societies of two of the Western Counties of this State. At the late Show of the Rowan Agricultural Society, it was decided that

Mrs. Freeman showed the finest pair of white woollen stockings, and is entitled to a premium of a ring of native gold.

Mrs. Mary Locke showed the finest pair of thread stockings, and is entitled to a like premium of a gold ring.

Mrs. C. Fisher, for the best piece of carpeting, is entitled to a premium of a set of tea spoons.

Mrs. A. M. Beard, for the finest piece of table linen, is entitled to a premium of three dessert spoons.

Several other articles, for which no premiums had been offered, were exhibited, reflecting much credit on the taste and industry of the ladies who produced them; among which were, a pair woollen hose, made by Miss D. Woodside, second to Mrs. Freeman's; a pair white woollen socks, by Mrs. Isaac D. Jones, of very superior texture; and a pair of silk and cotton mixed ditto, by Mrs. Giles Mumford.

Mrs. Mary Locke also exhibited three elegant white counterpanes; Mrs. C. Fisher a piece of mixed cloth, and striped vesting; and Mrs. Jesse Johnson a piece of cotton carpeting.

The committee appointed to judge the live stock, award to Dr. Robert Moore the premium of an elegant bridle, for the best Stallion.

To the same, a like premium for the best brood mare.

To the same, a premium of 3 dollars for the best three year old filly.

To Mr. Hyde, a premium of three dollars for the best three year old colt.

To Mr. Michael Brown, a premium of two dollars for the best bull calf.

To Dr. Ferrand, a premium of two dollars for the best heifer calf.

To the same, a premium of a cream ladle, for the best milch cow.

To Mr. Moses A. Locke, a premium of two dollars for the best sow and pigs.

At a meeting of the Chatham Agricultural Society, at Pittsborough, on the 3d inst., the following premiums were awarded:

To C. J. Williams, 50 dollars for the best managed farm.

Roderick Cotton, 5 dollars for the best colt.
C. J. Williams, 5 dollars for the best bull calf.
Wm H. Hardin, 3 dollars for the best heifer calf.
Jonathan Haralson, 5 dollars for the best boar pig.
C. J. Williams, 3 dollars for the best sow pig.
Do. 1 dollar for the best ram.
Do. 1 dollar for the best ewe.

Mrs. Joseph Small, 5 dollars for the best piece mixed homespun.

Mrs John Burns, 5 dollars for the best bed cover.

It is gratifying to see persons of talents, influence, and wealth, of both sexes, contending for these rewards of superior industry, ingenuity, and enterprize. It is by such means that agriculture and its kindred pursuits have been rendered respectable and profitable in other States, and by such we may hope to see a like effect produced here.

North Carolina Gold Mines.—The quantity of gold that is daily found in and about Montgomery co. is become so very important, that the officers of the mint of the United States have offered eagles, ready coined, weight for weight, for the gold bullion as it comes from the mines; but in Philadelphia there have lately been established no less than eight gold beaters, who offer to give four per cent. more than the current coin; for they find the gold so pure and ductile, that nothing can exceed the excellence of the leaf gold made thereof.

Seven waggons passed through this city lately, in one day, from Connecticut, laden with all kinds of tin ware, dry goods, cutlery, and various wares and merchandise, on their way to the gold mines of Montgomery. They mean principally to establish themselves at Salisbury, where the gold will be taken in barter, and thus a very lucrative trade is carried on. The Banks, we hear, are greatly benefitted in North Carolina by the gold found there, for they receive bullion for their paper, which enables them to issue more and with perfect safety.—*Wash. Tel.*

Geology.—A meeting has been recently held at Philadelphia, for the purpose of considering a project for the Geological survey of Pennsylvania. Some of the leading gentlemen were present, and an address was delivered by P. A. Browne, Esq. pointing out the advantages and necessity of such a survey. In no way in our apprehension could a sum of money be more usefully expended. To our own State we believe, is due the honor of having set the first example of the Scientific survey of an entire American State. Such enterprizes produce very important advantages to science, agriculture and other useful arts. We hope that the contemplated edition of the Map of North Carolina will present at least the leading features of its Geology and Mineralogy. By the way, we learn that Mr. M'Rae has met with the most liberal patronage for his proposed Map and that it will certainly be published early in the Spring.—*Ral. Reg.*

Messrs. Cary and Lea have announced for publication in March, the 1st No. of a Work, entitled the American Quarterly Review, on the plan of the Edinburgh and North American Reviews—the editorial department to be committed to Mr. Walsh, aided by an association of gentlemen, &c.

We learn that Thomas Mann Randolph, late Governor of the State of Virginia, has been appointed, by the Executive of the United States, to be Commissioner on the part of the U. States, under the act of Congress of the last session, to run the Boundary line between the state of Georgia and the Territory of Florida.—*Nat. Int.*

New York, Nov. 16.

By the arrival of the U. S. ship Erie, capt. Deacon, in 36 days from Gibraltar, we learn that nothing of importance had occurred between the Greeks and Turks since the fall of Missolonghi. The Captain Pacha with a fleet of 70 or 80 sail, had made an attack on Samos, when he was encountered by the Greek fleet and fire ships; the report was that several of his vessels were set on fire by the Greeks. When the E. left Smyrna, the Captain Pacha returned to Mitylene for water, and had not effected a landing at Samos as he intended. The U. S. ships North Carolina, Constitution, and schr. Porpoise, were at Mahon. The Ontario on a cruise in the Archipelago.

In Wayne county, N. York, such is the abundance of apples that cider is selling at 37 cents by the barrel, and apples by the hundred or thousand bushels, have been offered at 3 cents.

A case of slander was tried at Schoharie, (N. Y.) the other day, which excited some interest. The *Rev.* J. F. Schermerhorn plaintiff, and the *Rev.* H. J. Wyckoff defendant. The slander was contained in a charge of perjury against the plaintiff. Verdict, $1000 damages, which the plaintiff immediately remitted.

The Trials.—Preparations are making for renewing the late trials in the last week of the present month—but whether the individuals indicted will be tried separately or together, or who will be tried first we cannot say. The Evening Post, in noticing the fact, asks—*Cui bono?* Of late, affairs in our city have assumed a dreary aspect. First the explosion of many chartered companies; then failures of houses; then the trials and the suspension of credit; then the Greek controversy; and now the trials again. One gloomy step seems to follow another. We must do what is right, and also do what is expedient and prudent in these matters.—*Enq.*

Philadelphia, Nov. 10.

The Circuit Court of the United States, present, Judge Peters, met this day at 11 o'clock, A. M. to receive any bills of Indictments or Presentments which the Grand Jury might have to make. They presented Edward Thompson, and five other persons for various Frauds on the Revenue. It is said that *a million and a half of dollars worth of property have been fraudulently taken from the Philadelphia Custom House, within a few years.* The *hint* came from New York: the scholars, however, appear to have been apt. The Grand Jury have been several weeks in session.—*Press.*

John Randolph.—A friend of ours, now residing in Paris, writes, under date of Sept. 8, as follows:—"Our odd countryman, John Randolph, visits nobody, and does not like to have it known that he is here. I saw a gentleman two or three days since, who has been travelling with him in England. He says John is tired of Europe, down hearted, and intends returning soon to the United States. When he was in Liverpool, he attended the theatre, and, John Randolph-like, seated himself in the pit. His outlandish dress, and his queer figure and physiognomy attracted the notice of a John Bull blackguard, who began making him the butt of his ridicule. He had not made many sallies before Mr. Randolph fixed his keen eye on the young jester, and said to him in a stern voice, "Let him who jeers the Tartar beware of the dirk!" The poor fellow thought he had indeed encountered a Turk, and frightened half out of his senses, suspended his insolence, and took himself out of the atmosphere of the hero of Roanoake."—*Worcester Spy.*

We understand that Mr. Sergeant, Minister Plenipotentiary to the Congress of the American States, will, in a week or two, take his departure in the Hornet, which is shortly expected here, for Mexico. The story of his declining the mission, is altogether unfounded.—*Aurora.*

U. States' Revenue.—Since penning a few thoughts on the Revenue of the U. States we have it from undoubted authority, that the paragraphs which have recently appeared in the newspapers on this subject tend to produce an erroneous impression on the public mind.

The truth is, that the actual receipts into the Treasury, during *the present year*, will fully equal the estimate presented by the Secretary of the Treasury in his last annual report. For the ensuing year, the Secretary presented no estimate. On recurring to his annual report of last year, we find that he anticipated some falling off in the importations of this year, as compared with those of the past year. Nevertheless, so far as the facts already known furnish grounds for an opinion, there is good reason to believe, that, instead of a deficiency, the actual receipts in the Treasury, during the year 1827, will be fully adequate to all the usual expenditures of the Government—including the application of ten millions to the public debt—although not as large as may have been by some anticipated. Having ascertained the true state of the case in reference to this matter, we have thought it to be our duty to present it to our readers.
Nat. Int.

Patronage.—Our citizens—once so plain, simple, independent and republican, are getting to be very silly and second-hand. They imitate the worser part of European fashions with a most censurable obsequiousness. In England, every new device of breeches or amelioration of boot, is invested with the patronage of a Peer. Not a *chaise-percee* can be published in France until it be honored by the sanction of some great person—such as the *Duc de Blacas.* So is it with us. A man in Philadelphia builds a peculiar kind of Umbrella, and forthwith he dedicates it to one of our great men—Mr. Secretary Clay. Another ingenious artist invents a Razor Strop, and solicits Attorney General Wirt to lend it the authority of his countenance. [It would have been "more germane to the matter" to have laid the Razor Strop at the feet of Secretary *Barbour.*] But the usage stops not here.—There are in preparation a patent *Collyrium*, to be offered to President Adams—a pair of curious *Stilts* and a gold Snuff Box for Charles King—a new and augmented edition of *Facciolate's Lexicon Totius Latinitatis* for Robert Walsh Jun.—and a patent Tooth Drawer for Col. Binns, to be used at Jackson meetings.—*Noah.*

We cannot tell the precise moment when friendship is formed. As in filling a vessel drop by drop there is at last a drop which makes it run over; so in a series of kindnesses there is at last one which makes the heart run over.

☞The Rev. Mr. *Shaddock* is expected to perform Divine Service in the Methodist Church, *This Evening*, at candle-light. November 22.

MARRIED,

In Hillsboro', on Thursday last, Thomas F. Davis Jr. Esq. Attorney at Law, of Wilmington, to Miss Elizabeth Fleming, daughter of the late James Fleming, Esq.

DIED,

At Tuscumbia, Alabama, on the 18th October last, Mr Dempsey Fuller, in the 22d year of his age.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVED,

Schr. Martha, Luther, New York.
Helena, Witham, Baltimore.
Brig John & William, Hopkins, Martinique.
Betsy, Ryan, Jamaica.
Sloop Enterprise, Carter, Newport.
Brig No. Carolina, Hallett, New York.
Sloop Express, Myers, Philadelphia.

CLEARED,

Brig Mary, Soul, New York.
Elizabeth, Lane, Martinique.
Visitor, Allyn, Martinique.
Shibboleth, Congdon, Havanna.
Schr. Franklin, Downs, Boston.
Regulator, Nelson, Charleston.

For Sale,

ON the 1st of January, 1827, that valuable unfinished three story *BRICK HOUSE*, and *LOT*, adjoining the residence of J. M. Dobbin and the Planter's Hotel, in the Brick Row, fronting on the north side of Hay street. 60 feet, and running back 40 feet, intended for two Stores and Dwellings.

The House might be finished at a little expense, and would be a desirable residence for a family, and as that part of the town is improving, the Stores might be rented to advantage. The sale will be positive. For further particulars, apply to J. M. Dobbin, or to

WILLKINGS & CO.
Auctioneers.
Nov. 21—84 6t

State Bank Stock Wanted,

Enquire at this office.
November 22.—94tf.

Notice.

HAVING appointed Mr. *Joseph Baker* my AGENT, all persons indebted to me by Note or otherwise, are requested to make payment to him.

ROBERT DONALDSON.
November 15, 1826. 94 6w.

DRAWING OF THE
Union Canal Lottery—25th Class.

Numbers drawn in the order in which they stand:
33—42—7—48—39—54—34—18.

The Drawing of the *Maryland State Lottery*, No. 7, is received and can be examined by calling at the office. No. 31960 is entitled to $30,000, therefore every number ending with 2, 4, 6, 8 or 0, is entitled to a prize of nine dollars.

We have had the pleasure of dispesing to our customers several prizes in the above Lotteries, among which is one of 1,000 dollars, 500 dollars, 100 dollars, &c. The fortunate holders are particularly requested to come forward and receive the cash or renew their prizes in the following Lotteries

New York Literature Lottery,

No. 6, for 1826, to be drawn on NEXT WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant.

Whole Tickets	$10	Quarters,	$2 50
Halves	5	Eighths	1 25

OR IN THE

North and South Carolina Lottery

To be drawn in FAYETTEVILLE, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th of December.

Quarters, $1 25,

Tickets and Shares can be had by certificate or singly of

Yates & McIntyre,

Under Lafayette Hotel, Fayetteville, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, October Term, 1826.

Samuel B. Emmons vs John Holly } Original attachment, levied on 150 acres of Land, more or less, on the waters of Ray's and Flat Fork, joining Archibald Laney and others as Defendant's property.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that John Holly the above Defendant, resides without the limits of this state—It is therefore *Ordered*, That publication be made for six weeks in the Fayetteville Observer, that the said defendant appear at our next County Court of Pleas and Quarte Sessions, to be held for Anson county, at the Court House in Wadesborough, on the 2d Monday in January next, and replevy, otherwise judgment final, by default, will be entered against him.

Witness, Wm. Dismukes, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 2d Monday in October, 1826, and 51st year of American Independence.

WM. DISMUKES.

94 6t—Price of Adv. $2 10.

Mr. H. G. Nelson

IS appointed my Attorney, (during my absence,) with full power to receive money and grant discharges for the same; also, transact any business for me on my account. E. E. LEWIS.

June 14 71tf.

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.		*Quantity rated*	*From D. C.*	*To D. C.*
Beef, Fresh in Market,	-	lb.	4	5
Brandy, Cognac	-	gallon	1 25	1 60
Apple	-	do	50	55
Peach	-	do	60	75
Bacon	-	lb	14	15
Beeswax	-	do	26	27
Butter	-	do	15	20
Bagging	-	yard	20	25
Coffee, Prime Green	-	lb	18	19
2d & 3d qual.	-	do	16	17
Candles, Mould	-	do	14	15
Spermaceti,	-	do		34
Cotton	-	100lbs	9 50	9 80
Corn	-	bushel	50	70
Copperas	-	lb	4½	5
Flax	-	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough	-	bushel	80	85
Flour, Superfine	-	barrel	6	6 50
Fine	-	do	5	6
Fish, Herrings	-	do	4	4 50
Mackerel	-	do	4	5 50
Mullet	-	do	6	6 50
Feathers	-	lb	30	33
Gin, Holland	-	gallon	90	1 25
Country	-	do	45	45
Ginger	-	lb	10	12½
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	-	50 feet	4	5
10 by 12	-	do	6	6
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	-	lb		
West India,	-	do		
Iron	-	100 lb	5 50	6 50
Indigo, Bengal	-	lb	3	3 50
Flotant	-	do	2 75	3
Lime	-	cask	2 25	2 50
Lard	-	lb	7	8
Leather, Skirting	-	do	30	35
Sole	-	do	28	30
Bridle	-	side	3	4
Lead, Bar	-	lb	9	10
Logwood	-	100 lb	2 50	3
Molasses	-	gallon	40	
Nails, Cut, assorted	-	lb	7	1
Wrought	-	do	18	20
Shingles	-	1000	1 50	2
Oats,	-	bushel	50	55
Oil, Currier's	-	barrel	18 20	
Linseed	-	gallon	80	1
Pork	-	barrel	8	9
Pepper	-	lb	21	22
Pimento	-	do	30	
Plaster, Paris	-	ton	7 50	10
Powder, Dupont's	-	Keg	7 50	8
Others	-	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	-	do	3 50	4
Spanish Brown	-	do	2	2 80
Yellow Ochre	-	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica	-	gallon	1	1 25
Wind. Island	-	do	75	80
New England	-	do	50	60
Rice	-	100 lb	3 50	4
Rags	-	lb	2	6
Shot	-	Bag	2 75	3
Sugar, Mus. Prime	-	100 lb	11	12
Common	-	do	9	10
Loaf	-	lb	20	
Salt, Liverpool	-	bushel	90	
Turks Island, }	-	do	75	80
St. Ubes, &c. }	-	lb	25	30
Salts, Epsom	-	do	6	7
Glauber	-	do	8	9
Steel, American	-	do	16	18
E. Blistered	-	do	17	18
German	-	do	12	15
Salt-petre	-	do		10
Tallow	-	do		
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	-	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson	-	do	1 20	
Tobacco, Leaf (nom.)	-	100 lb	4	4 25
Manufactured	-	do	5	20
Tin, ⅓ x	-	box	16	18
Verdigris	-	lb	65	
Wheat	-	bushel	1	1 10
Whiskey	-	gallon	45	50
Wines, Madeira, L. P.	-	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira	-	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe	-	do	1 25	1 55
Port	-	do	2 00	3 20
Malaga	-	do	80	

POETRY.

THE VILLAGE COQUETTE.

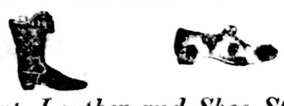
The partner of partners, the belle of the ball,
And caring for none, tho' I smiled upon all;
I flirted a season with all that I saw:
The parson, the merchant, the limb of the law;
The 'squire and the captain were fish in my net,
Which gained me the name of the Village Coquette!

Years gathered and robbed me of swain after swain,
Time snaps, link after link, the most obdurate chain,
The parson adored a rich widow at Kew,
The merchant ran off with the niece of a Jew.
The lawyer eloped, being rather in debt,
And the 'squire "stole away" from the Village Coquette!

The captain, false pirate, for life took in tow
A wharfinger's daughter, at Stratford-le-Bow;
When lo! pert and gigglish, all congees and shrugs,
Approached to address me, a dealer in drugs!
I shuddered—I sickened—I paid Nature's debt,
And died, sad and single, a Village Coquette!

For Sale,

25 Hhds. St. Croix and Porto Rico Sugars
6 do prime green Jamaica Coffee
50 bags Cuba and St. Domingo do
Loaf and lump Sugar
Teneriffe and Malaga Wines
Pepper, Spice and Ginger
150 pieces Cotton Bagging
Bale Rope and Twine
70 kegs cut Nails
Tin Plate, Wagon Boxes and Castings
German and blistered Steel
Swedes Iron, Liverpool and Alum Salt
Cotton Cards, Wine Bottles
Writing and wrapping paper
Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Saltpetre, &c. &c.
By C. T. HAIGH.
October 25. 906t.



Cheap Leather and Shoe Store.

AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT AND SHOE
(MARKET SQUARE.)

THE Subscriber offers for sale an extensive assortment of Boots & Shoes, newly purchased, and comprising every description.

Also,

Sides Sole Leather.
" Wax'd Upper Leather.
" Grain do. do.
Lining Skins, Binding Skins, & Shoe Thread.

All of which will be sold, Wholesale & Retail, low for Cash only.

WM L. HAWLEY.

N. B. Having engaged the service of a first rate Workman, I keep always on hand Boots & Shoes of town manufacture, which are warranted.

W. L. H.

Returns of Militia Captains.

BLANK Forms of the Annual Return of Captains of the N. Carolina Militia, for sale at this Office, where all the Blanks used by Merchants, Clerks of the Superior and County Courts, Sheriffs, and Constables, are kept constantly on hand, or will be printed on the shortest notice. All descriptions of Job and Book Printing neatly executed. *Oct.* 9.

Trust Sale.

IN pursuance of a Deed of Trust executed by Richard C. Bunting to James McQueen and Jacob Rhodes, for the purposes therein mentioned, the Subscribers will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, in the town of Lumberton, on *Wednesday the 20th day of December next*, the following property, viz: One *NEGRO BOY*, aged about 20 years, one *NEGRO GIRL*, about 18 years of age. Stock; consisting of *Horses, Cattle, and Hogs*,—together with a great variety of other property. A credit of six months will be given to purchasers, and of them Notes with good and undoubted security will be required.

DONALD McQUEEN,
ARCH'D McQUEEN,
RICH'D C. RHODES.

Robeson county, Oct. 11, 1826—89 tds

Notice.

THE Subscriber respectfully requests all those indebted to him in any shape, to make immediate payment. The great indulgence heretofore extended, with other circumstances, makes it necessary to have recourse to legal steps, indiscriminately, against those neglecting to comply with this notice.

Mr. A. Campbell is authorized to collect and grant discharges on account of H. CAMPBELL.
September 27, 1826. 86tf.

Notice.

THE Subscriber expects to receive on consignment, about the middle of June next, a parcel of first rate Cotton Gins, which he is authorized to warrant equal, if not superior, to any in North or South Carolina, which will be sold on very reasonable terms.

JOHN MURCHISON, Jun.
Fayetteville, May 2—65 tf

Insurance against Fire.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK,

INSURES Houses and other buildings, and property contained in them, against loss and damage by fire; also, merchandise and other property against the hazards of inland navigation.

Capital 300,000 Dollars.

Insurance made on application to
C. T. HAIGH,
Agent of the Company, Fayetteville.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
COLUMBIA, S. CAROLINA.

DR. THOMAS BRIGGS respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken his large brick building (recently occupied by A. G. Nagel.) Having the means, he is determined to furnish his house in a manner calculated to invite the attention of all lovers of good living and good order. The traveller as well as constant boarder will here meet with every comfort which a spacious and elegant building and the Charleston and Columbia markets can afford; and all the attention which politeness can dictate or the spirit of accommodation call for.

Columbia, S. C. Sept. 25, 1826. 8710w.

Fayetteville Academy.

THE Fourth Quarter of the Fayetteville Academy will commence on the 1st October, under the direction of the Rev. Hr HOLLISTER, Principal, assisted by Mr. GAY in the Male, and Mrs. HOLLISTER in the Female Department. *Sept.* 27

Patent Cooking Stove for Sale.

A *COOKING STOVE*, with Copper Boilers and apparatus complete, in the use of which there is great convenience and economy of fuel. Warranted complete. Apply to

MARTIN MAC PHERSON, Sen.
Nov. 7, 1825—40-tf

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS,
may be procured at this Office, and at the Postoffice.

COTTON SAW GINS.

JUST received a few of the Improved Iron and Steel Plate COTTON SAW GINS, which are offered for sale cheap for cash or on a short credit, at the Auction Store of

HENRY W. AYER.
Fayetteville, Sept. 4—83-tf

A TANNER and CURRIER wanted.
H. G. NELSON.
October 4. 87tf.

CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber is now receiving from N. York, at his Store, Green Street, a general assortment of Staple and Fancy *GOODS*, of the latest importations, which he offers for sale at extremely reduced prices; among which are, viz.:

Cloths & Cassimeres, extra super, blue black, brown green and olive, fine and common assorted,
Double milled drab Great Coating,
Ditto do Lion Skin ditto
Satinetts, blue, mixed and drab,
Cassinetts and Denmark Satteens,
Bang-up Cord; plain, olive and tabby Velvet,
Vestings, silk, velvet, Merseilles, swansdown and fancy, some very superior,
Flannels, red, white, green and yellow,
Ladies' blue and scarlet Pelisse Cloths,
Baize, green and Bocking,
Bombazetts, plain and figured, black, brown, purple, crimson and orange colour,
Bombazines, French and English,
Ditto 5-4 French super black and drab
Circassians, Nankeens and coloured stripe Drillings,
Muslins, Mull Mull, Book and Jaconet plain & figur'd
Cambrics and Camoric Dimities,
Calicoes assorted, new patterns,
Ditto, Furniture ditto,
Fancy coloured Crape Dresses,
Shawls and fancy Handkerchiefs, assorted,
Silks, plain and figured,
Fashionable shaded, plain & figured Gros de Naples,
——— Cote-palais, plain, striped and figured,
Fancy Hdkfs and Ribbons to suit,
White, green and pink crape Lisse,
Grecian striped Ginghams,
Hoziery; silk, cotton and worsted Hose and half do.
Domestic Goods, various kinds,
Russia Ducks and Sheetings,
Blankets and Negro Cloths,
Hats, coarse and fine for men and youths,
A general assortment of Hardware, viz. Anvils, Vices, carriage and bed Wrenches, table and pocket Knives, Iron, Steel, and Nails assorted, Castings, Pots, Ovens (and odd tops to sell) Kettles, &c.

An assortment of SHOES,

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Miss's and Children's Boots and Bootees,
Miss's Leghorn Hats and youth's fancy Caps.

GROCERIES,

Teas, Sugars, old Rum, Cognac Brandy, Gin and Whiskey, Porter, Cider, Teneriffe and Madeira Wines, old Port in bottles, fresh Lemon Syrup, &c. &c.

H. CAMPBELL.
Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 13, 1826. 84tf.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE STATE OF
NORTH-CAROLINA.

Lottery

To encourage the publication of THE HISTORY OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

Drawing to commence on the 4th Monday of November next.

HIGHEST PRIZE
$20,000 DOLLARS.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	20,000 Dollars; is	$20,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	2,000	2,000
2	1,500	3,000
8	1,000	8,000
10	500	5,000
20	200	3,600
40	100	4,000
50	50	2,500
450	20	9,000
1,050	10	10,500
7,366	5	36,830

9,000 Prizes, 14,886 Blanks, } 23,886 Tickets at 5 Dollars, is 119,430 = 119,430

☞ *Not two Blanks to a Prize.*

500 Tickets to be drawn in a day—to be completed in 18 day's drawing All numbers to be placed in one wheel, and the Prizes in another.

Stationary Prizes as follows:
THE LAST DRAWN TICKET ON THE

First day, will be entitled to a Prize of	$200
Second day,	500
Third day,	600
Fourth day,	500
Fifth day,	500
Sixth day,	500
Seventh day,	500
Eighth day,	500
Ninth day,	1,000
Tenth day,	1,000
Eleventh day,	1,000
Twelfth day,	1,000
Thirteenth day,	1,000
Fourteenth day,	1,000
Fifteenth day,	1,500
Sixteenth day,	5,000
Seventeenth day	10,000
Eighteenth day	20,000

The rest of the prizes floating in the wheel from the commencement, amounting to

73,730 DOLLARS.

Prizes payable at the Agency of the Bank of Cape Fear, in Hillsborough, N. C., thirty days after the completion of the drawing, subject to a discount of fifteen per cent. All prizes not demanded within twelve months from the completion of the drawing, will be considered as forfeited to the uses of the Lottery. J. WEBB, *Commissioner.*

Hillsborough, April 1826.

The attention of the North-Carolina public is respectfully invited to the foregoing scheme. The laudable purpose contemplated will, it is hoped, secure to it the aid of those who are friendly to the interest of literature and science, and the name alone of the gentleman who has consented to act as Commissioner in the management of the Lottery, is a sufficient pledge of the fairness with which it will be conducted A. D. MURPHEY.

Tickets in this Lottery, are for sale at the Post-Office, Fayetteville 69.4w.

Macauley's Patent Floor Cloths.

ORDERS for this superior and elegant covering for Floors, will be received by the subscribers, at their Store, two doors above the Cape Fear Bank, where samples of the article may be seen. The durability of this Carpeting, its coolness and comfort, in a warm climate, give it a decided advantage over all others.

Carpets can be furnished to Rooms and Entries, at the shortest notice, warranted well seasoned, the colors hard, bright, and durable.

CLAYLAND & BOWEN.
Fayetteville, Oct. 25—90-tf

The Copartnership

BETWEEN the Subscribers, under the firm of *J. F. & John Lippitt*, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 15th instant.

J. FRANCIS LIPPITT,
JOHN LIPPITT.
September 22, 1826. 86tf.

THE Subscribers will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS, under the firm of *John Lippitt & Co.*

JEREMIAH LIPPITT,
JOHN LIPPITT.
September 22, 1826. 86tf.

Gales's North Carolina ALMANAC, For 1827,

JUST published and for sale, wholesale or retail, By CHAS. STUART.

Price 10 cents each, 75 cents a dozen, 4 dollars for half a groce, 7 dollars a groce, 25 dollars for five hundred, or 40 dollars for a thousand.
October 4. 87tf.

10 Bbls. Canal Flour,
10 Bbls. Loaf Sugar,
2 Casks London Porter,
8 Hhds. Brown Sugar,
For sale by JOHN HUSKE.
June 7. 70tf.

Fayetteville Academy.

THE Examination of the Students of this Institution will take place on the 22d inst., and the exercises recommence on the 10th July.

The Committee of Superintendance have the satisfaction to state, that the prospects of this Institution are as flattering at this time as they have been at any former period. The Rev. Mr. Hollister, a gentleman who bears the highest testimonials, both of his education and experience, has been engaged as the Principal of this Academy; he will take charge of the Classical Department, as well as exercise a general controul over the institution. He will be assisted by Mr. Gay, with whose excellent qualifications the Committee have had an opportunity of becoming acquainted, together with such other Tutors in the English Department, as may be found neceseary. The Female Department will be under the direction of Mrs. Hollister, and will no doubt, be found to be one of the best Schools for young Ladies in the Southern States.

The advantage of having an Institution of this kind, where the manners are to be formed as well as the intellect improved, under the influence and example of a respectable and well regulated community, the uniform healthiness of this town, for several years past, and the peculiarly comfortable apartments, erected at considerable expense for the accommodation of the School, with the cheapness of tuition and board, altogether, warrant the Committee in recommending the Institution to the notice of the public, particularly to those of the low country. The central situation of Fayetteville, and the facilities furnished by the mails, affording opportunities of correspondence, almost every day in the year, with all parts of the country, is a consideration which will not be lightly esteemed by parents who may be under the necessity of sending their children abroad for their education. Boarding can be had in many of the respectable families in town, at a moderate price.

It may be well, likewise to state, that the conduct of youth sent to this Institution, particularly those from abroad, ill be carefully observed, as well out of the School as within it, and a proper degree of attention will be paid to their habits, manners and morals, as well as their scholastic education.

JOHN MACRAE,
Secretary of the School Committee.
Fayetteville, 12th June, 1826.

MANSION HOTEL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support he has heretofore received, and, in soliciting a continuance of those favors, assures them that every exertion will be used, and due attention bestowed, in order to the comfort and pleasure of Travellers and Boarders. His Rooms are numerous, being new, clean, and large, are well adapted for comfort and health, opening upon a garden which presents a fine prospect; superadded are the comforts of ease and retirement, which may be enjoyed in spacious Parlours by Travelling Families. This situation, being on one of the most elevated streets, is healthy; attended with the advantage and convenience arising from the important and extensive business transacted on that street, which will make it the interest of Country Merchants and Planters to call. It is constantly supplied, by means of aqueducts, with pure water, issuing from one of the best fountains in the State.

His BAR will be constantly supplied with the best and choicest of

LIQUORS.

His TABLE with the best the country and market affords; his Stables shall be attended by faithful steady, and honest Ostlers. Other advantages are attendant upon this Establishment, rarely to be excelled in any other Public House in this State.

DILLON JORDAN.
Fayetteville, Feb. 1826.—55-tf.

☞ The above Hotel has been selected by the Proprietors, as a regular Stage House, for all the Stages that arrive at and depart from this place. Rooms and Refreshments, are therefore, kept always in readiness for Stage Passengers.

The Books for the Norfolk Stage line are kept at this Hotel.

DELAY NOT!

But as soon as possible, secure chances in the
Virginia State Lottery,
AT
Hatcher's
LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE,

So as to obtain some one, or more of the numerous Prizes in that *BRILLIANT SCHEME*—such as

20,000 Dollars,

$10,000, $6,000, $5,000, $4,000, 1 of $2,910; 12 of $1,000, 18 of 500,

And many hundreds of others. Price of Tickets only $5, and shares in proportion.

☞ The ticket which drew the One-Fourth of the $20,000 Prize in the last class of the above Lottery, was sold by *HATCHER*, at the Norfolk Office, to a Gentleman in Portsmouth Virginia, and the *Cash* promptly paid on presentation.
August 2.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, some months since, negro TOBY, *alias* JOHN. He is about twenty-seven years of age, about five feet eight inches high, fleshy and muscular, one of his legs much bent in at the joint. It is supposed that he is harboured some where between my house and the University, or perhaps has made his way to Fayetteville. The above reward will be paid on his being lodged in any jail in the State, so that I get him again, or on his delivery at my house.

I will also pay $40 to any person who will give me information so that I may be enabled to convict any white man or woman of harbouring him.

EDWARD JONES.
Rock Rest, Chatham County, June 1, 1826. } 70:4w.

Horne's Introduction

TO the critical study and knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. One copy of this celebrated work may be had at this Office, at the subscription price, if early application be made.

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.

10 hhds. prime Sugar,
15 ditto Molasses,
20 bags prime green Coffee,
25 do. St. Domingo ditto,
80 ps cotton Bagging,
1500 bushels Liverpool Salt,
1500 ditto Alum ditto,
6 tons Iron, assorted,
Sheet and hoop do.
Castings, Steel, Nails,
Dupont's Powder, Shot and Lead,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Gunpowder and Hyson Tea,
Pepper, Ginger and Pimento,
Spanish Indigo, Copperas and Madder,

Together with a small assortment of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c. now on hand and for sale by R. F. YARBROUGH & CO.
August 22. 81tf.

Lafayette Hotel.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE public are respectfully informed, that in consequence of the recent death of Mr. Clement Tracy, the subscriber, who has been employed in the management of the Lafayette Hotel, has assumed the superintendence of it.

This new and spacious building (which has been purposely erected at great expense, for a Hotel) is now in complete order for the reception and accommodation of

TRAVELLERS & BOARDERS.

Besides the advantage of a number of Rooms with *single Beds, Fire places and Bells*, the Hotel contains several *handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments*, particularly suited for the private accommodation of *TRAVELLING FAMILIES*. Boarders with or without lodging can be accommodated.

THE FURNITURE and BEDDING are of the best quality and entirely new, and each Bed is supplied with a Moscheto Net. BATHING ROOMS are attached to the House, supplied with water from the Haymount Aqueduct. The BAR is richly supplied with a variety of the *choicest Liquors*, recently selected for it in the Northern Cities, by an experienced judge. LARGE STABLES are conveniently placed in the rear.

The Subscriber is determined to conduct the House in the most genteel manner; and no efforts shall be spared to render it every way worthy of a continuation of the patronage it has received.

WM. TRACY.
October 25. 90tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber informs his customers and the public, that he has just received a *splendid supply* of *DRY GOODS*, which he is prepared to sell by wholesale and retail at very reduced prices for cash only. Merchants from the country will certainly find it to their advantage to call and examine for themselves. His stock consists in part of the following, viz.

Extra superlative black and blue Cloths
Super. do do do
Medium and common black, blue, olive, claret, drab and mixed do
Blue, black, drab and scarlet Cassimeres
Blue, black and mixed Sattinets
Fearnots, Plains and Paddings
Tartan cloak Plaids and blue Camlets
Green bocking Baize and green Flannel
Caroline Plaids and ditto ombre Stripes
Super black Bombazines
Rich black, blue, brown, crimson and drab figured Bombazetts
Black, plain and twilled do.
4-4 printed Rattinets
1 4, 10-4, 9-4, 8-4 and 7-4 Rose Blankets
4 and 3 point do. and Duffel do.
Cashmere Shawls and Points, a variety
White and red Flannels
Scots and domestic Carpeting
Superb Merino square and long Shawls
Cashmere Hdkfs., various colours
Super and low priced black worsted Hose
Men's lambswool Hose and half do
Nett Frocks and woollen Gloves
Extra rich Toilinet, Swansdown and Merseilles vesting
Super and common 6-4 Cambrics
Satin stripe, white and colored do
Extra super 5-4 and 3-4 Cambric Dimity
Do 6-4 plain and figured Jaconets
Super 6-4 book and mull Muslins
Super rich and low priced figured Swiss Muslins
Plain Swiss and tambored book do
Rich Swiss and French wrought Points
Swiss Capes and Tippets
Victory white Robes
Super Sea Island and low priced Shirtings
4-4 & 3-4 brown Shirtings and Sheetings
4-4 Imitation Plaids and 4-4 Apron Checks
Washington and linen Bedticks
Fancy cambric Prints, a great variety
4-4 & 3-4 Furniture Chintz
SILKS.—Black Nankin and colored Crape Robes
Plain black Gros de Naps and Taffetas
Rich black figured Gros de Naps and Levantines
Black Sattins and Sarsenets
Super ombre Gros de Naps, all colors and shades
White, green, mazarine blue, sky blue and straw colored Florences
Rich Simile's, various shades and colors
Black and green French Crape
Black Gauzes, a variety
Black and colored silk Vestings
Black and white silk Hose
Rich printed long Shawls and Shades
Silk and Zelia Hdkfs., all colors
White gauze Veils and crape Leice
Gauze Robes, all colors
Silk Umbrellas and Parasols
Black Barcelona and Bandanna Hdkfs.
Rich feather edge, wove and embossed Ribbons, a variety
Taffeta Ribbons, all colors
Watch and Belt do
Black and assorted sewing Silk
Wide and narrow bobinet Lace and Lace Veils
Thread Laces and thread Cambrics
Long Lawns and thread cambric Hdkfs.
4-4 Irish Linens
7-4 & 9-4 table Diaper
10-4 Irish Sheetings
Hessians and brown Toweling
Brown Holland, colored Cambrics and Buckram
White and printed Bed Spreads
Chintz Shawls and Hdkfs.
Black tabby velvet and velvet Ribbons
Black Ostrich Feathers
Leghorn and straw Bonnets
Bandboxes, Wreaths and Flowers
Men's and women's Cloaks
Ladies' Prunel and Morocco Shoes
Do Leather Shoes and Pumps
Long white kid and silk Gloves
White and black horse skin do.
Beaver and colored kid do
Men's fashionable Hats
Nett and Webb Suspenders
Transparent and Windsor Soap
Phosphorus Pocket Lights
Clark's spool and floss Cotton
Imitation tuck and front Combs
Black, and white brown patent Thread
Bonnet Bows, &c. &c.

JOHN McARN.
October 25, 1826. 99tf.

WILKINS'S

Offer for sale, at their A
50 Hhds. Molasses
10 do. prime Jamaica
15 do. Porto Rico and
15 Hhds. N. E. Rum
5 Puncheons Jamaica
30 Bags St. Domingo and
10 do Spice
60 Ps. Cotton Bagging
20 Bbls. Northern Gin
30 do Apple Brandy
23 do good brown Sugar
10 do loaf and lump
10 qr. casks Malaga
20 crates Crockery, assorted
18 cases of Decanters and
50 boxes 8×10 Window
20 do 10×12 do
9 do assorted Cotton
November 1. 91tf

Deep River Lands
AT AUCTION

THE subscriber intending to
State, will offer at Public
the 12th of December next, the
resides, generally known by the
containing about 1455 acres; part
rate land for the cultivation of
&c. The improvements on said
best in this section of the State—
large two story Dwelling House,
en with three rooms and three
ry Store House, Warehouse,
Barn, Stables, Negro Houses, and
houses, together with a valuable
which for materials, workmanship
can bear competition with the best
Saw Mill, also new, a Miller's House
three fire places, and a very
perty lies on the south side of
counties of Chatham and Moore,
from Salem to Fayetteville and
latter place. The Grist Mill is
it always has, and must continue
more extensive custom than any on
the State, and the annual value
(exclusive of the Saw Mill and Ferry
800 to $1000. This is one of the
Store in this part of the country,
been sold here than at any other
in my knowledge.

Also, about 980 acres of LAND
the above mentioned Farm, lying
north side of Deep River, Chatham
what is termed the Gulf, and adjoining
George Wilcox. On this there
Dwelling House, with 3 fire places
and Warehouse and other
Orchard, &c.; on this land about 6
the river is a Stone Coal Mine, be
best quality and quantity
marks on this mine may be seen by
fessor Olmsted's pamphlet on the
State. This Farm is adapted to
ton, Corn, Wheat, &c.; an excellent
or the transaction of any
sion of either or both of these
at any time immediately upon the
credit of one, two and three years
purchaser can be accommodated
Corn, Fodder Hay, Farming Utensils
and Hogs. Apply to JOHN
TYSON'S, *Deep River, Moore Co.*
October, 1826

Virginia Lott

For the benefit of the Dismal Swamp
drawn on *WEDNESDAY*, the

HIGHEST PRIZE,
20,000 Dolla

SCHEME

1 Prize	.... of	....
1 Prize	.... of	....
1 Prize	.... of	....
1 Prize	.... of	....
1 Prize	.... of	....
1 Prize	.... of	....
12 Prizes	.... of	....
18 Prizes	.... of	....
24 Prizes	.... of	....
186 Prizes	.... of	....
186 Prizes	.... of	....
1488 Prizes	.... of	....
13950 Prizes	.... of	....

15870 PRIZES, . . .
Price of Tickets $5, and halves
proportion, to be had on application
tended to.

HATCHER'S LUCKY
FAYETTEVILLE

¶Orders from the Country as usual

DRAWS 21st OF NOVEMBER

Grand State Lottery of
ODD AND EVEN SYSTEM

The whole to be drawn in one day
Two Tickets must get one prize
THREE.

HIGHEST PRIZE,
TEN THOUSAND D

SCHEME

1 Prize	.... of	....
1 Prize	.... of	....
4 Prizes	.... of	....
20 Prizes	.... of	....
40 Prizes	.... of	....
200 Prizes	.... of	....
10,000 Prizes	.... of	....

10,466 Prizes, amounting to
Not one Blank to a Prize.
¶¶ All prizes payable in CASH.
Four Dollars, Shares in proportion, for

Hatcher's
LUCKY

§§§ Orders from any part of the country
ing the cash or prize tickets in any of
Lotteries [postage paid] will meet with
tention, if addressed to C. HA
Fayetteville

November 1.

Captain's Executions for sale at this Office.

Notice.

THE copartnership heretofore exist
John A. Cameron and James T
the firm and title of Cameron & Tow
solved, and all the effects of said co
been conveyed in trust to the subscri
poses therein expressed—

This is to give notice, to all indebted
cern, to come forward as soon as poss
their respective balances to either of t
who alone are authorised to receive
ceipts for the same.

WM CAM
JOHN M

Agents and Attorneys for the

16th March, 1825.—6-tf